

Congressional Briefing and National Webinar

September 26, 2023 2:00–3:00 PM Eastern



Pain in the Nation: The Epidemics of Alcohol, 2023 Drug, and Suicide Deaths

SPECIAL FEATURE: Youth Mental Health and Well-Being





MAY 2023

ISSUE REPORT

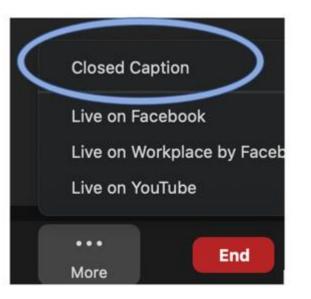
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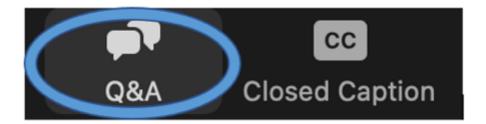
Americas Health





Q&A Feature

- 1. At the bottom of your screen, click to open the Q&A panel
- 2. Type your question in the Q&Abox



3. Hit Enter

Moderator



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Agenda

 Welcome and overview of Pain in the Nation 2023 report

- Presentations from panelists
- Questions and Answers
- Closing

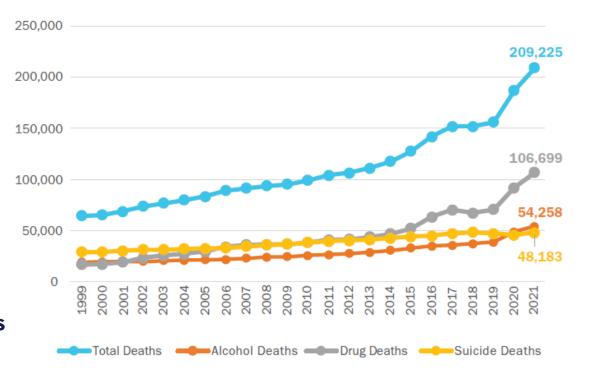


Pain in the Nation 2023 Report: The Epidemics of Alcohol, Drug, and Suicide Deaths Special Feature: Youth Mental Health and Well-Being

Data from 2021:

- Alcohol, drug, and suicide deaths increased
- Deaths up across the U.S. population, with the largest increases occurring among certain populations of color as well as people living in the South, West, and rural regions of the country.
- Record number of these deaths in a single year

Figure 1: Annual Deaths from Alcohol, Drugs, and Suicide in the United States, 1999–2021



Source: TFAH analysis of National Center for Health Statistics data



2021 Trends and Takeaways

- Combined rate of deaths due to alcohol, drug overdose, and suicide increased by 11 percent between 2020 and 2021.
- Large increases for Native Hawaiian and Pacific Islander people, American Indian/Alaska Native people, and Black people
- Drug overdoses largely driven by fentanyl, cocaine, and psychostimulants

35 30 100,000 25 20 Deaths per 15 10 5 east wet south wet wet pura 0 A85 Northeast Alaska Native Black of Mican American orother pacific is ander overall Female thanonerace A885 0.11 A885 18:34 A88-3555A Ages 55 TA American Indianor Native Haws

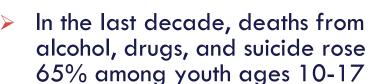
Source: TFAH analysis of National Center for Health Statistics data

FIGURE 11: Age-Adjusted Suicide Mortality Rate (Deaths per 100,000) Overall and by Select Demographics and Region, 2021



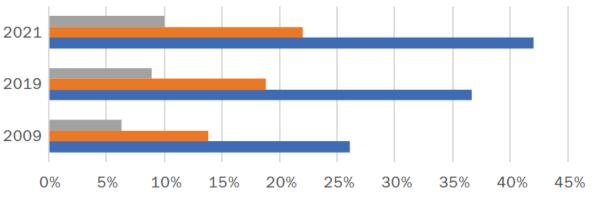
Special Feature: Youth Mental Health and Well-Being

 Significant increases in youth experiencing sadness, considering suicide, or attempting suicide, compounded by the COVID-19 pandemic and other new stressors



- Suicide in this group increased 71% over roughly the same period
- Higher mental health risk for LGBTQ+ and AI/AN youth
- Role of social media and other issues
- New impacts

Figure 2: Percent of American High Schoolers Experiencing Poor Mental Health and Suicidal Behaviors in 2009, 2019, and 2021



Attempted suicide

Seriously considered attempting suicide

Persistent feelings of sadness or hopelessness

Source: Youth Risk Behavior Survey, CDC



Recommendations

Invest in Prevention and Conditions that Promote Health

- Support policies and programs that reduce adverse childhood experiences and the impact of trauma
- Provide new resources for schools to increase substance use prevention, mental well-being, and resiliency programs

Prevent

Transform

Invest

Prevent Substance Misuse and Overdose

- Target the prevention of youth substance misuse
- Promote harm-reduction policies to reduce overdoses and infections
- Lower excessive alcohol use through evidence-based policies

Transform Mental Health and Substance Use Prevention Systems

- Promote equity in mental health and modernize mental health and substance use services
- Expand the workforce and build community capacity for treatment
- Improve data accuracy and timeliness



Welcome to Our Panelists



Debra Houry, MD, MPH

Chief Medical Officer and Deputy Director for Program and Science

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention



Shairi R. Turner, MD, MPH Chief Health Officer Crisis Text Line



Shelby Rowe, MBA

Executive Director

Suicide Prevention Resource Center



Debra Houry, MD, MPH Chief Medical Officer and Deputy Director

for Program and Science Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

cdc.gov

Urgent, Related and Preventable Public Health Challenges: Overdose, Suicide, & Adverse Childhood Experiences

Debra Houry, MD, MPH Deputy Director for Program and Science/Chief Medical Officer





Overdose Data to Action - State and Local OD2A:



OD2A in States OD2A: LOCAL

Did Not Receive OD2A Funding



CDC Approach to Prevent Overdose & Substance-**Use Related** Harms



Excessive Alcohol Use



Esser et al. Binge Drinking, Other Substance Use, and Concurrent Use in the U.S., 2016-2018. Am J Prev Med 2021;60:169-178.

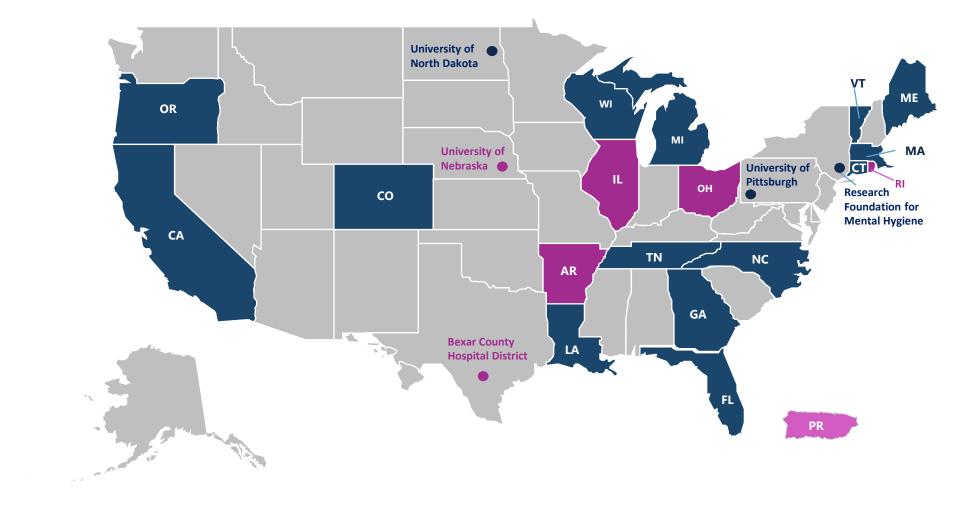
CDC is funding awardees in 12 states to increase capacity in alcohol epidemiology and prevention:

Alaska Colorado Idaho Minnesota North Carolina Rhode Island California New York Maryland New Mexico Oregon Texas



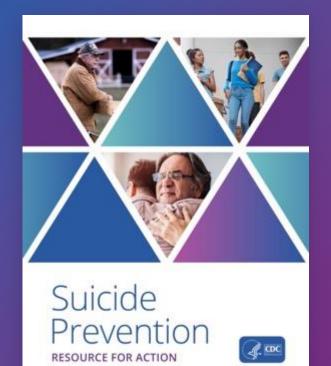


Comprehensive Suicide Prevention (CSP) Program:



*Locations in pink are new 2023 recipients of CSP, those in blue are continuing recipients funded between 2020-2022.

Summary of Strategies & Approaches to achieve and sustain substantial reduction in suicide





O Strengthen Economic Support

Ocreate Protective Environments



Improve Access and Delivery of Suicide Care

O Promote Healthy

Connections



• Teach Coping and <u> උදා 💷</u> **Problem-Solving Skills**



Identify and Support People at Risk



Lessen Harms and Prevent Future Risk

ts	 Improve household financial security Stabilize housing
	 Reduce access to lethal means among persons at risk of suicide Create healthy organizational policies and culture Reduce substance use through community-based policies and practices
	 Cover mental health conditions in health insurance policies Increase provider availability in underserved areas Provide rapid and remote access to help Create safer suicide care through systems change
	 Promote healthy peer norms Engage community members in shared activities

Support social-emotional learning programs

- Teach parenting skills to improve family relationships
- Support resilience through education programs
- Train gatekeepers
- Respond to crises
- · Plan for safety and follow-up after an attempt
- Provide therapeutic approaches

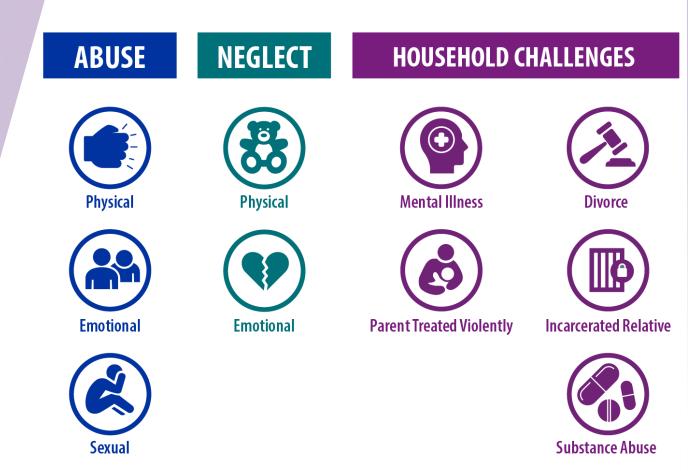
Intervene after a suicide (postvention)

Report and message about suicide safely



What are Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs)?

Experiences that are potentially traumatic events that occur in childhood (0-17 years) such as experiencing violence or other types of emotionally disturbing exposures in their homes and communities.





Source: Robert Wood Johnson Foundation





Some groups are more likely to have experienced ACEs

Multiple studies show that people who identified as members of these groups as adults reported experiencing significantly more ACEs:



Black. Hispanic/Latino, or multiracial people

品

People who are unemployed or unable to work



less than \$15,000

per year

People making People with less

education



Lesbian. gay, bisexual, or than a high school transgender people

Source: Merrick, M.T., et al., JAMA Pediatrics 2018; Merrick, M.T., et al. MMWR 2019

Essentials for Childhood: Preventing Adverse Childhood Experiences through Data to Action:



Best Available Evidence to Prevent ACEs

Preventing Adverse Childhood Experiences (ACEs):

Leveraging the Best Available Evidence





Strengthen economic supports for families



Promote social norms that protect against violence and adversity



Ensure a strong start for children



Enhance skills to help parents and youths handle stress, manage emotions, and tackle everyday challenges



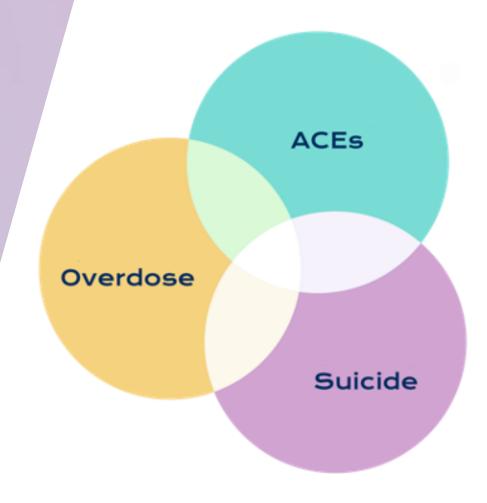
Connect youths to caring adults and activities



Intervene to lessen immediate and long-term harms



ACEs, overdose, and suicide are urgent, related, & preventable



Poor mental health is both a risk factor and an outcome of these public health challenges





Behavioral Health Coordinating Unit

- Responsive to Congressional Language
- Streamlined and collaborative agency approach
- Amplify and coordinate mental healthrelated work across CDC and with external partners
- Develop a CDC-wide strategy and strategic framework for advancing mental health and well being

Protection. Prevention. Progress.



Centers for Disease Control and Prevention National Center for Injury Prevention and Control



Shairi R. Turner, MD, MPH Chief Health Officer Crisis Text Line

crisistextline.org



Pain in the Nation 2023: The Epidemics of Alcohol, Drug and Suicide Deaths

Shairi Turner, MD, MPH Chief Health Officer Crisis Text Line September 26, 2023

Crisis Text Line: Guided by Empathy & Innovation

Crisis Text Line is a nonprofit organization that provides free, confidential, 24/7, high-quality text-based mental health support and crisis intervention in both English and Spanish.

Since its launch in 2013, Crisis Text Line has trained over 65,000 volunteers and engaged in more than 8 million crisis conversations.

Last year, Crisis Text Line engaged in more than 1.3 million conversations and in the process, exchanged nearly 40 million messages with people who reached out to us in need.

Individuals seeking support through Crisis Text Line can text HELLO to 741741 or 443-SUPPORT in WhatsApp or text HOLA to 741741 or 442-AYUDAME in WhatsApp for Spanish or connect with us via web chat.

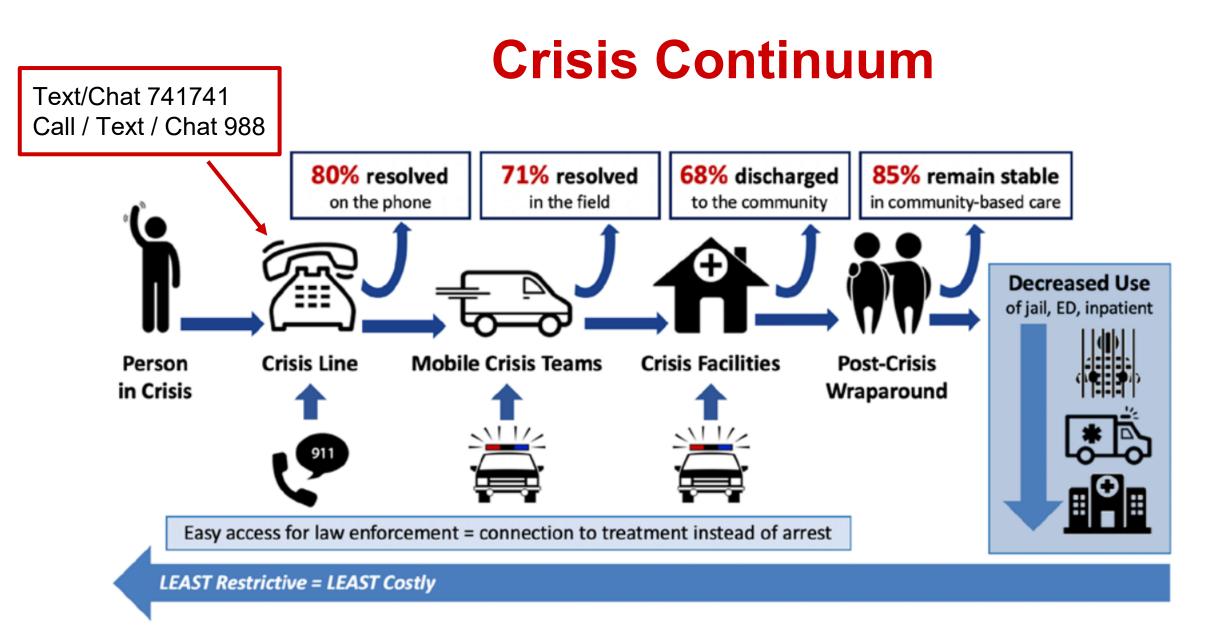
If you would like to make a difference by supporting individuals in need, you can make a huge impact by volunteering as a Crisis Counselor at Crisis Text Line. Visit <u>www.crisistextline.org/become-a-volunteer</u> to learn more and apply.

Crisis Intervention Services



A Critical Need: Crisis Intervention Services

- A Continuum from PREVENTION to INTERVENTION
- Prevention/ Early intervention can prevent crises from escalating to more significant problems.
- Immediate help and support
- Services save lives, protect vulnerable populations, and contribute to the overall wellbeing and resilience of communities.
- Crisis intervention professionals are trained to provide emotional support and nonjudgmental listening during times of crisis.
- Decreased reliance on law enforcement
- MUST be culturally responsive and relevant



NASMHPD: Beyond Beds: Crisis Services 2020

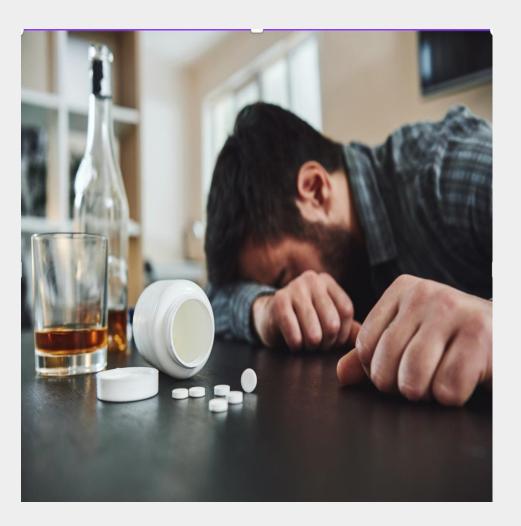
The Impact of Childhood Trauma



Childhood Trauma: Impact and Outcomes

- → Adverse Childhood Experiences: Abuse, Neglect, Family Dysfunction AND MORE
- → Emotional / Psychological/ Physical Effects:
 - Mood disorders, suicidal ideations, chronic health conditions, teen pregnancy
 - Post-Traumatic Stress Disorder (PTSD)
- → Behavioral Effects:
 - Self-Destructive Behaviors: Childhood trauma can lead to self-destructive behaviors such as self-harm, substance abuse, or risky sexual behavior as coping mechanisms.
 - Drugs and alcohol are self-medication
- → Cognitive Effects:
 - Impaired Memory and Concentration: Childhood trauma can affect memory and concentration, making it difficult to focus on tasks or remember important information.
- → Social and Interpersonal Effects:
 - Difficulty Trusting Others: Childhood trauma can erode trust in others, making it challenging to form healthy relationships and maintain social connections.

Childhood Trauma Correlated with:



- Alcohol
- Drug Use

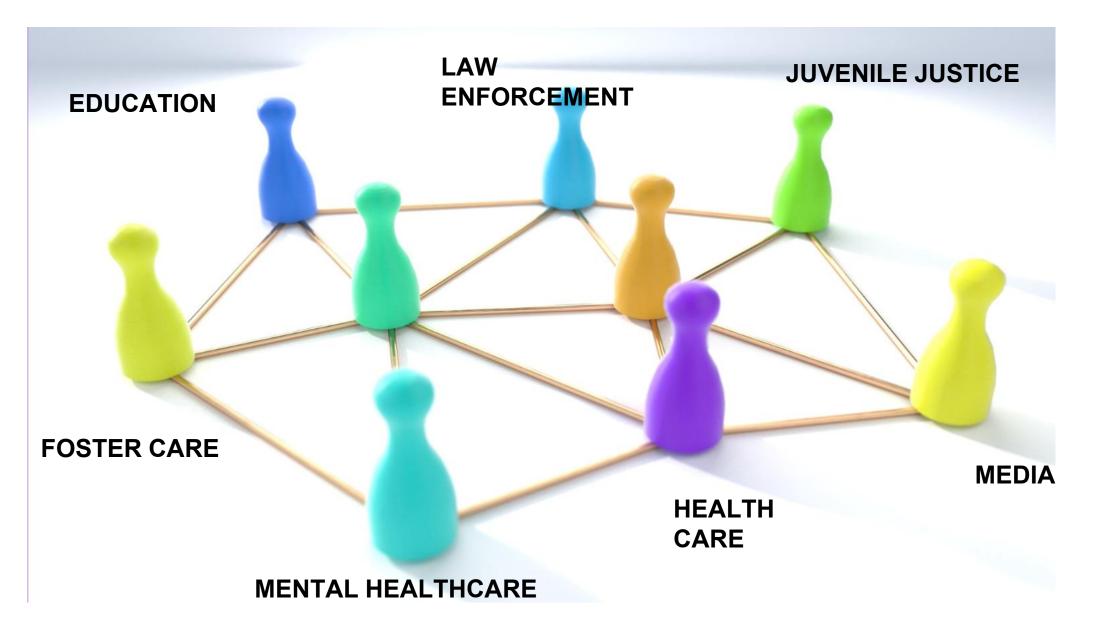
CRISIS TEXT LINE

• Suicide

The Importance of Trauma-Informed Policies for Youth



The Systems that Impact our Children



The Importance of Trauma-Informed Policies for Youth

- → Recognition of Trauma's Prevalence
- → Promotion of Safety and Trust
- → Understanding Behavioral Challenges
- → Reducing Re-Traumatization
- → Improved Mental Health Outcomes
- → Enhanced Resilience
- → Educational Attainment

CDC Prevention Strategies

- Strengthening economic supports to families
- Promoting social norms that protect against violence and adversity
- Ensuring a strong start for children
- Teaching skills
- Connecting youth to caring adults and activities
- Intervening to lessen immediate and long-term harms

-Adverse Childhood Experiences Prevention Resource for Action

How to Get Involved

How You Can Get Involved

There are a number of ways you can help Crisis Text Line promote mental well-being for people wherever they are and create an empathetic world where no one feels alone.

Share 741741: We rely on supporters like you to help us get the word out about our number and service. Learn more.

Volunteer: Join our community of trained volunteer Crisis Counselors who learn reflective listening, collaborative problem solving, and crisis management skills. Join today.

Become a Partner: Work with Crisis Text Line more deeply to serve and support your customers, constituents, students, and employees in these challenging times. <u>Learn more</u>.

Support Us Year Round: Become a member of our Empathy Network, a dedicated community of monthly donors who help to keep our service and training free. <u>Learn more</u>.



Shelby Rowe, MBA Executive Director Suicide Prevention Resource Center

sprc.org



Preventing Suicide: A Comprehensive Approach

September 26, 2023

Shelby Rowe, MBA SPRC Executive Director





Funding and Disclaimer





The Suicide Prevention Resource Center at the University of Oklahoma Health Sciences Center is supported by a grant from the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS), Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA), Center for Mental Health Services (CMHS), under Grant No. 1H79SM083028.

The views, opinions, and content expressed in this product do not necessarily reflect the views, opinions, or policies of CMHS, SAMHSA, or HHS.

Suicide Prevention Resource Center

The national Suicide Prevention Resource Center (SPRC) is your one-stop source for information to help you develop, deliver, and evaluate evidence-informed suicide prevention programs.

What we offer

- Toolkits
- Online trainings
- Effective Suicide Prevention Model
- Research summaries...and more!

Who we serve

- Organizations
- Communities
- Agencies
- Systems

CONNECT WITH US





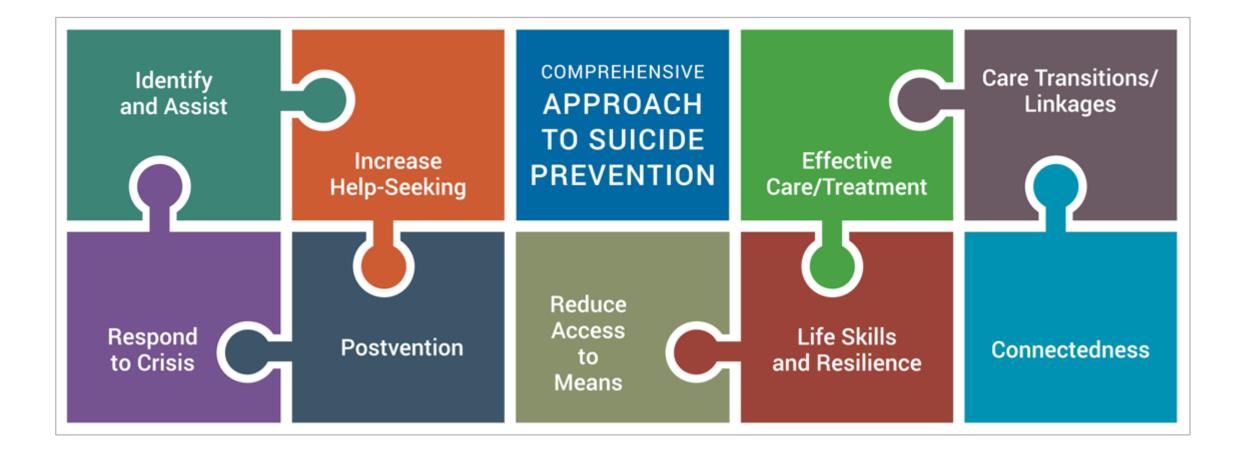
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Effective Prevention



A Comprehensive Approach to Suicide Prevention



A Comprehensive Approach to Suicide Prevention



Guiding Principles



Strategic Planning





Questions?





Thank you!

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Submit Questions for Our Panelists



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Thank You to Our Moderator and Panelists



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Thank you!

@HealthyAmerica1

The recording and slides will be available at tfah.org